

Strategic Integration of Languages, Arts, Cultures and Heritage

Facilitated by: FPCC Revitalization Planning Coaches w/ support from Sandra A. Martin Harris, We'es Tes











Sustainability for First Nation Language, Arts and Heritage – A Wholistic Approach: Differentiating Revitalization and Reclamation **Revitalization as:**

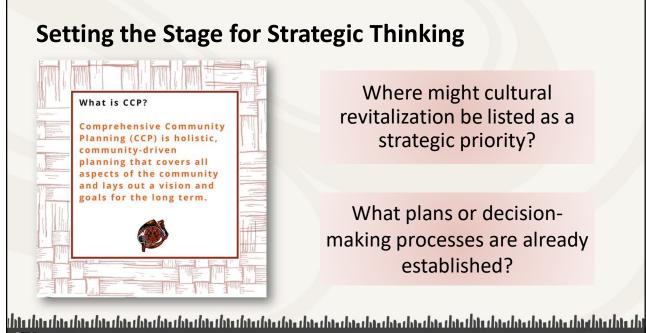
"Breathing new life into the language [arts and heritage]...increasing the number of speakers, increasing the domains in which the language [arts and heritage are] used, and promoting intergenerational transmission." (Leonard 2011: 141)

Reclamation as:

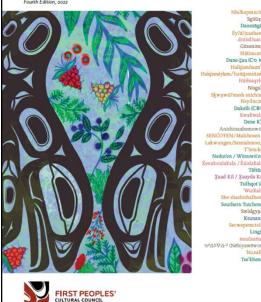
"A much larger social process of claiming—or reclaiming—the appropriate cultural context and sense of value that the language [arts and heritage] would likely have always had if not for colonization."

Leonard, Wesley Y. 2011. Challenging "Extinction" through Modern Miami Language Practices. American Indian Culture and Research Journal 35(2): 135-160.

7



B.C. First Nations Languages



Report on the Status of B.C. First Nations Languages

- Can be used as an advocacy tool
- Can be used to educate the general public
- Can be used to support the community mobilization
- Important for our individual indigeneity to see the reclamation taking place

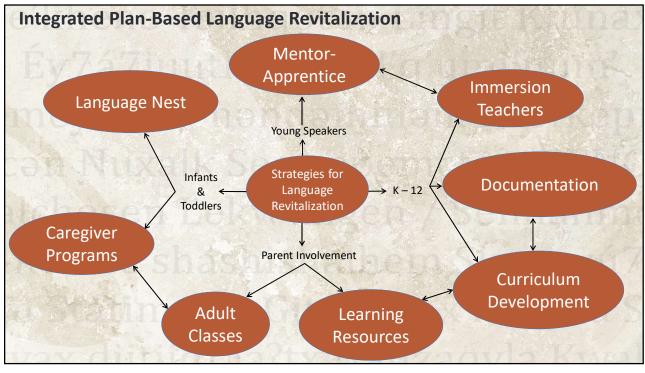
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Planner Key Actions			
Use <i>effective</i> revitalization strategies	Identify community champions		
Work from a trauma-informed lens	Create an advisory committee		
Create a language/cultural revitalization plan	Connect with FPCC!		
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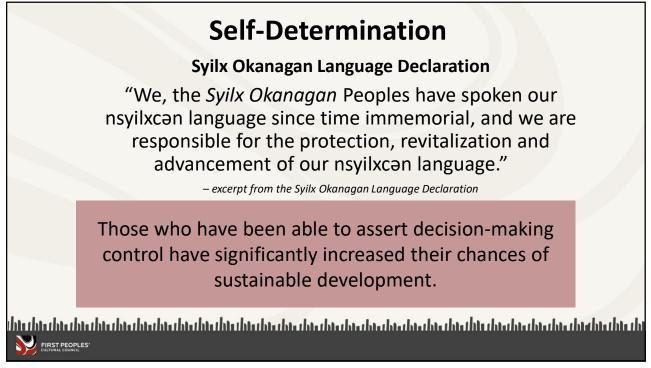


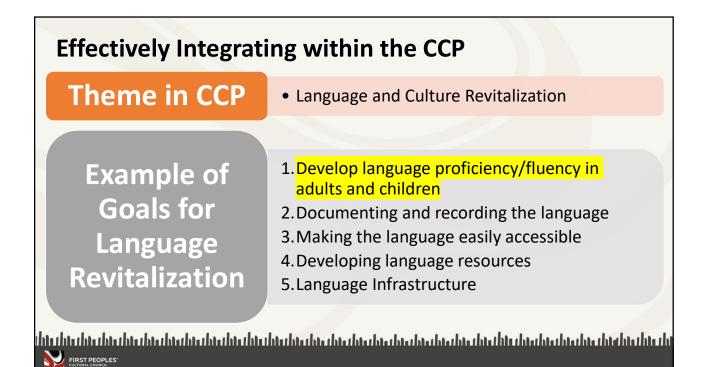


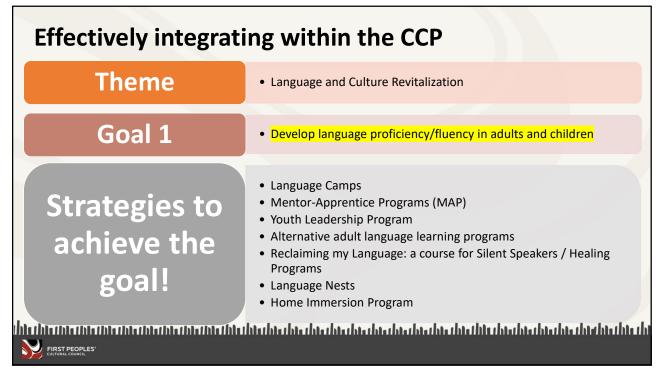
Standard Approach vs. Wholistic Approach

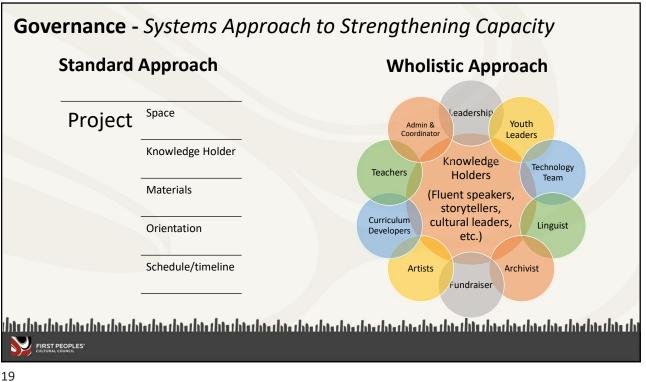
- The 'standard approach'
 - ×Decision making
 - ×Development agenda
 - × Development
 - ×Indigenous culture
 - × Resources

- A wholistic approach ✓ Self-determination
 - Self-determination
 - ✓ Systems approach
 - ✓ Cultural context
 - ✓ Strategic orientation
 - ✓ Community mobilization









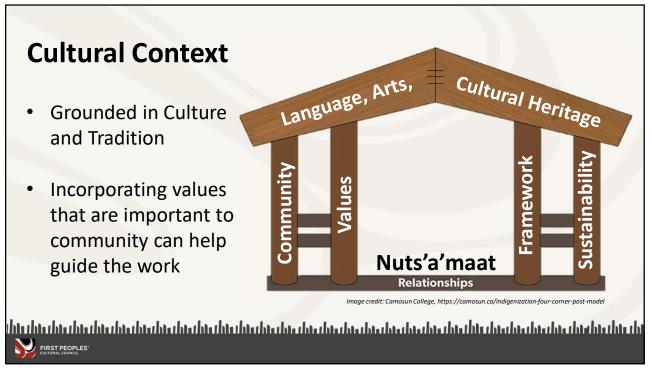
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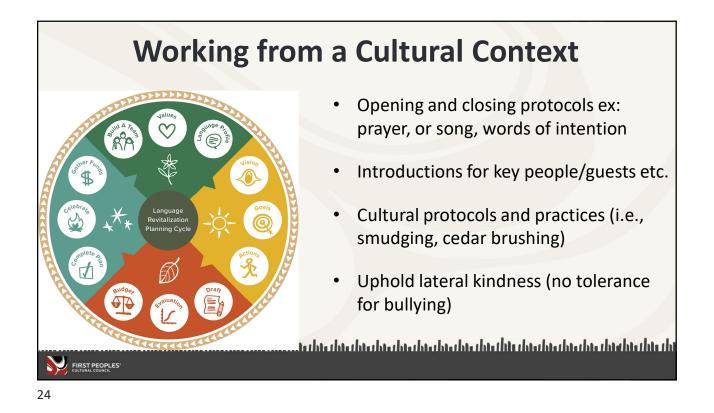
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Governance		
Role	Responsibility	
Chief and Council	Provide leadership and political advocacy.	
Administrator	Guide and evaluate the direction, strategy, oversight and support in streamlining operations, policy, and resources.	
Advisory Group	An advisory group is put together to get opinions, to consult, or to inform, and to ensure you are on the right track. Meetings will be less frequent.	
bha dha dha dha dha dha dha dha dha dha d		

Technical Staff		
Role	Responsibility	
Program Coordinator	Planning and coordination of a program and its activities, ensuring implementation of policies and practices, and maintaining budget and tracking expenditures/transactions.	
Planner	Organize and participate in planning meetings. Facilitating the exchange of information and ideas between community members for the development of a language plan.	
Working Group and/or Language & Culture DepartmentA working group is usually made up of the administrators, a coordinator, technicians, and admin support and maybe some others that you bring in for specific tasks like facilitating, or conducting assessments etc. Meetings will be more frequent.Working Group and/or Language others that you bring in for specific tasks like facilitating, or conducting assessments etc. Meetings will be more frequent.		

External		
Role	Responsibility	
Community	Involve the community as much as possible. Staff meetings, Chief & Council meetings, many community meetings (often targeted to specific demographics or focusing on specific topics) both on- and off-reserve.	
Partners	Promote partnership between Indigenous and non-Indigenous communities and help to redress the harms of colonization by building equitable, mutually beneficial relationships between Indigenous and non-Indigenous organizations.	
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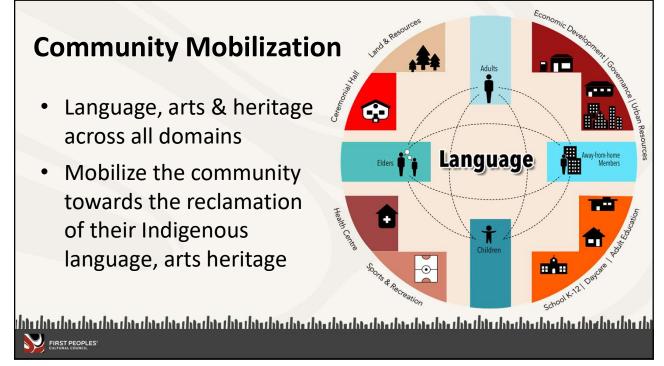




Success within Language Revitalization

- Can be individualistic
- Varied, evolving and often small leading toward growth
- Not an end point but a process
- A multigenerational process never reaching a final end point
- Find successes little or big

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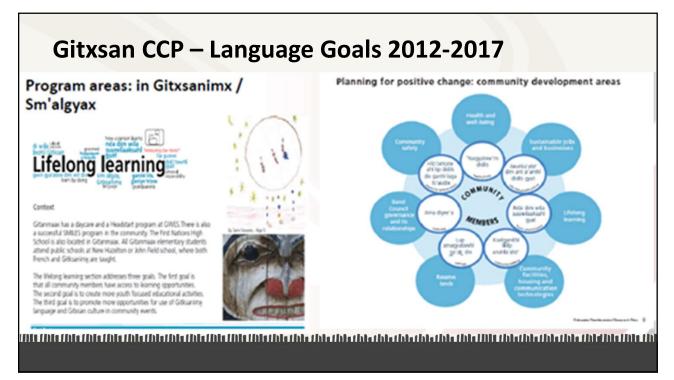


Importance of Community Engagement

- Brings the community together
- Builds momentum
- Respects transparency, collaboration and openness
- Integrates inter-generational knowledge and perspectives
- Welcomes input, guidance and advocacy



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Kispiox CCP translated into Gitxsanimx!



Goal 15. Dim ganla sayt hu'u'etwiki gyat dim lugnise dit wila jagjebH gwahlin gigyat ahl 'nakungwit.

(Provide more opportunities to learn about Gitxsan culture)

Strategic direction 15, 1; Identify what types of traditional learning community members would like to access (e.g., traditional medicine)

Strategic direction 15.2: Explore the development of an intergenerational Gibsanimg immersion program.

Strategic direction 15.3: Pointe opportunities to kern and practice Gitisaning

Summary of community development goals (2012-2017) Below is a summary of the 23 community development goals for Kispiox

Health and well-being

1. Din hoogagam didi'yteahl dip nidiithi dagogat ahi lag D'AD

 Din ganla sayt goodnihlow grat ant wiloahli wila jaglohli gwihlin gigrat ahl naagwit den itt mahiditt den wila kochl sigiguit i an din wi dit.

2. Dim xsiwatrnhl raN needi am-mith/wila didikt dm il hiamoconw f

Sustainable jobs and businesses

4. Dim hoogiagam hlamootw db ndlit luvwit wib in training and career suvelaatsa wayt wil gal planning xs'at'aghine dit.

5. Spi dim ganla he'am ahi laga Sr: Support and calabratu tr'uurim dim ganla gala dit go'or dip 'hidt yukanthi bakgart successes in Kispice. Jag Shan, Abh' whi'i gagadim woodnuit ji nee ja wüm

6. Needm di am-pik'i'yiks dm ga hahla'aijit'; heltil gagwee'st'.

1: Elders are able to age with

dignity in our community and be surrounded by their family

2: Support health-promotion in the community by offering learning opportunities in traditional Gitesan approaches to healthy lifestyles

3t Support families who are facing challenges with hamiful substance use, family violence and mental health

6: Diversify local economic opportunities

Community facilities, housing and communication technologies

7. Den ama jepiersehl huwilp hia raaquit hiida itout' dim 'ii gania aajayhi gabhi huwilp dim Report 8. Dim KakN wilo galtrap

dim wil sait goodahl giat lar tia'n. Oim sait troograv lip ligit naa dim ii uuhl ant'amahlasew dit. Tun dim mila sumlaakseehi Kaylmgsit.

9. Den t'aa den wil signingN kay har'naed galdm asaks ganhi wida anocya geogenasti.

12. Ho'shi gagoodm wil

hoogiagam golV wilp anahir'ast" lag gal ts'ap.

yeer ligan das.

10. Needim dii adisearti

10: Transportation around Kispiex is safe and ligit' naahl hasagat dim accepable Sgi dim ganla xiidaggiatnus wila witi algagam ts'uutsow lag

members

It: Communications technology is current and improves communication abilities of community members

7: Improve housing conditions and increase the number of housing units to meet community need

8. Provide a cultural

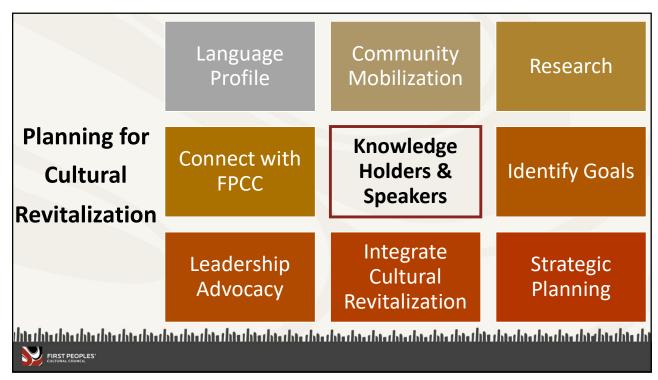
gathering place for community members to hold community events.

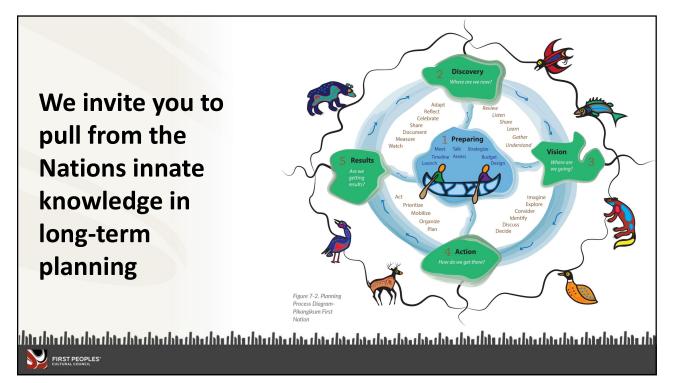
and celebrate Grosan culture

9: Recycling services are provided to community

12: We are proud of our well utilized facilities







Next Steps			
For Leadership / Administrators/Coordinators/Planners			
Leadership Advocacy	Identify Community Champions		
Band Council Resolution	Create Advisory Committee		
Declaration for Cultural Revitalization	Connect w/ FPCC		
Cultural Revitalization Department	Invest in Human Capacity		
Further Learning on Strategic Cultural Revitalization!			
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Cultural Revitalization Final Reflections

- Authentic Indigenous histories need to be told in Indigenous voices; that's how we will move forward
- First Nations language, arts, cultures and heritage are interwoven; support is needed across all sectors
- Indigenous cultural heritage in Canada is integral to UNDRIP
- Critical for the health and wellness of Indigenous people

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Stay informed and spread the word!



- Subscribe to our newsletter <u>https://fpcc.ca/signup/</u>
- Spread the word about the funding and support available!
- The Mentor-Apprentice Program is currently accepting applications (closing October 23)

36

Dialogue, Questions, Pesponses



Contact Information & Resources

General: coaches@fpcc.ca

FPCC Website: <u>fpcc.ca</u> Sign up for News: <u>fpcc.ca/signup</u>

FPCC Grant Portal: fpcc.ca/login



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39
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Resources

- FirstVoices <u>www.firstvoices.com</u>
- First Peoples' Map of BC <u>www.maps.fpcc.ca</u>
- FPCC Language Planning Toolkit <u>https://language-toolkit.fpcc.ca/</u>

Video Links

- SXEDTELISIYE'S FIRE WITHIN SENĆOTEN AUDIO-VISUAL defence https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCCgksTcLUDxn-
 PkBCwzTkHA/videos
- Leanne Hinton, What is Language Revitalization Success? <u>https://youtu.be/qNlUJxri3QY</u>

References

- Cornell and Kalt (2007). Two Approaches to the Development of Native Nations One Works, the Other Doesn't. Rebuilding Native Nations: Strategies for Governance and Development, Chapter 1, pages 1-33
- Gessner and Parker (2021). Language Planning: Planning a Future for Your Language, <u>https://jan.ucc.nau.edu/~jar/SILL/SILL9.pdf</u>
- Native Nation Institute, University of Arizona (2021). What is Native Nation Building? https://nni.arizona.edu/what-native-nation-building
- Okanagan Nation Alliance (2021). Syilx Okanagan Language Declaration, https://www.syilx.org/about-us/syilx-nation/4918-2/

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